

Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1-4. (Canceled)

5. (Currently Amended) ~~The plasma generator according to claim 4,~~ A plasma generator, comprising:

a) a vacuum chamber;

b) a stage located within the vacuum chamber on which a base plate is to be placed;

c) multiple radiofrequency (RF) antennas arranged substantially parallel to the stage within the vacuum chamber; and

d) a plate-shaped conductor connected to the multiple RF antennas in parallel and arranged outside the vacuum chamber, where a distance between a connection point at which the power source supplying the power to the RF antennas is connected to the plate-shaped conductor and each connection point at which each RF antenna is connected to the plate-shaped conductor is made shorter than the quarter wavelength of the RF wave.

6. (Currently Amended) ~~The plasma generator according to claim 3,5,~~ wherein a sum of the length of the conductor of ~~the~~ RF antenna and the distance between the aforementioned connection points is smaller than the quarter wavelength of the RF power.

7. (Currently Amended) ~~The plasma generator according to claim 4,5,~~ wherein each of the multiple RF antennas is divided into groups, each including one or more RF antennas, and a RF power is supplied to each RF antenna in parallel within each group, the plasma generator comprising:

a phase detector for detecting a phase of the RF power supplied to each of the groups;

and

a phase matcher for regulating the phase of the RF power.

8. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ plasma generator ~~according to claim 1, comprising:~~

- a) a vacuum chamber;
- b) a stage located within the vacuum chamber on which a base plate is to be placed; and
- c) multiple RF antennas arranged substantially parallel to the stage with the vacuum chamber, wherein an aspect ratio of the RF antenna at a position corresponding to a target area of the stage is set at a value determined according to a plasma density or plasma electron energy desired for the target area.

9. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 8, wherein the aspect ratio of the RF antenna corresponding to the target area is larger than that of the other RF antenna so as to increase the plasma density or electron density at the target area.

10. (Original) The plasma generator according to claim 9, wherein the area includes a center of the stage.

11. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ plasma generator ~~according to claim 1, comprising:~~

- a) a vacuum chamber;
- b) a stage located within the vacuum chamber, on which a base plate is to be placed; and
- c) multiple RF antennas provided on an inner wall surface of the vacuum chamber so as to surround an inner place of the vacuum chamber, wherein ~~electrodes of the antennas are arranged roughly parallel to the stage and~~ adjacent electrodes of one or more pairs of adjacent RF antennas have the same polarity.

12. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 11, wherein the adjacent electrodes of every pair of the adjacent RF antennas have the same polarity.

13. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ plasma generator ~~according to claim 1, wherein comprising:~~

- a) a vacuum chamber;
- b) a stage located within the vacuum chamber, on which a base plate is to be placed;

c) multiple RF antennas arranged substantially parallel to the stage within the vacuum chamber; and

d) an impedance element is connected to the RF antennas that regulates a current or voltage of each RF antenna.

14. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein multiple RF antennas are connected to one RF power source in parallel.

15. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein one RF antenna is connected to one RF power source.

16. (Previously Presented) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein the impedance element has a variable impedance value.

17. (Original) The plasma generator according to claim 16, wherein the impedance element is a variable inductance coil.

18. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 16, comprising a measurement unit for measuring a voltage or current of each RF antenna and a controller for setting the variable impedance value on the basis of the voltage or current measured with the measurement unit.

19. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 18, wherein the measurement unit includes a pick-up coil that is located in proximity to an RF antenna and detects a current of the RF antenna.

20. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 18, wherein the measurement unit includes a capacitor that is located in proximity to an RF antenna and detects a voltage applied to the RF antenna.

21. (Previously Presented) The plasma generator according to claim 18, wherein the measurement unit includes a bridge circuit or a wave detector for converting a detected signal of RF current or voltage into a direct current or voltage.

22. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim 18, wherein the measurement unit includes a mixer for mixing a current signal and a voltage signal of the RF antenna and a low-pass filter for removing a RF component from the mixed signal.
23. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim ~~4~~5, wherein a surface of the RF antennas is coated with an insulator.
24. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim ~~4~~5, wherein the shape of the RF antennas within the vacuum chamber is flat.
25. (Currently Amended) The plasma generator according to claim ~~4~~5, wherein each of the multiple RF antennas are divided into groups each including one or more RF antennas, and a RF power is supplied to each RF antenna in parallel within each group.
26. (Canceled)
27. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ plasma control method ~~according to claim 26, using a~~ plasma generator having multiple RF antennas located within a vacuum chamber, said antennas being arranged on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber and roughly parallel to a stage on which a base plate is to be placed, and having a plate-shaped conductor connected to the multiple RF antennas in parallel and arranged outside the vacuum chamber, wherein the a state of plasma is controlled by regulating lengths of the antennas within the vacuum chamber a distance between a connection point at which the power source supplying the power to the RF antennas is connected to the plate-shaped conductor and each connection point at which each RF antenna is connected to the plate-shaped conductor.
28. (Currently Amended) The plasma control method according to claim ~~26~~27, wherein the state of plasma is controlled by regulating a phase difference of the RF power supplied to the RF antennas.
29. (Currently Amended) ~~The A~~ plasma control method ~~according to claim 26, using a~~ plasma generator having multiple RF antennas located within a vacuum chamber, said antennas

being arranged on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber and roughly parallel to a stage on which a base plate is to be placed, wherein an aspect ratio of an RF antenna located at a position corresponding to a target range of the stage is determined according to a plasma density or plasma electron energy desired for the target area, or according to ion species or radical species to be generated in the target area.

30. (Currently Amended) The plasma control method according to claim 29, wherein the aspect ratio of a RF antenna corresponding to the target area is set to a larger value than that of the other RF antennas so as to increase the plasma density or electron energy at the target area.

31. (Original) The plasma control method according to claim 30, wherein the target area includes the center of the stage.

32. (Currently Amended) ~~The~~ A plasma control method according to claim 26, using a plasma generator having multiple RF antennas located within a vacuum chamber, said antennas being arranged on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber so as to surround an inner space of the vacuum chamber, wherein a plasma density distribution within the plasma generator is controlled by giving an equal polarity to adjacent electrodes of one or more pairs of adjacent RF antennas.

33. (Currently Amended) The plasma control method according to claim 32, wherein the adjacent electrodes of every pair of the adjacent RF antennas have the same polarity.

34. (Currently Amended) ~~The~~ A plasma control method according to claim 26, using a plasma generator having multiple RF antennas located within a vacuum chamber, said antennas being arranged on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber and roughly parallel to a stage on which a base plate is to be placed, wherein an impedance element regulating a current or voltage of each RF antenna is connected to each of the RF antennas, and a plasma density distribution within the vacuum chamber is controlled by regulating an impedance value of each impedance element.

35. (Original) The plasma control method according to claim 34, wherein the impedance value of the impedance element is variable, one or both of a voltage and current of each RF antenna are measured, and the variable impedance value is controlled according to the voltage, the current or a product of the voltage and the current measured.
36. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a substrate, wherein plasma of a material is generated by a plasma generator according to claim ~~4~~5 and the material is deposited.
37. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a substrate, wherein an etching process is carried out using plasma generated by a plasma generator according to claim ~~4~~5.
38. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 5, wherein the RF antennas are attached on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber.
39. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 8, wherein the RF antennas are attached on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber.
40. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 11, wherein the RF antennas are attached on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber.
41. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein the RF antennas are attached on one or both of a sidewall and a ceiling wall of the vacuum chamber.
42. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 8, wherein a surface of the RF antennas is coated with an insulator.
43. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 11, wherein a surface of the RF antennas is coated with an insulator.
44. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein a surface of the RF antennas is coated with an insulator.
45. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 8, wherein the shape of the RF antennas within the vacuum chamber is flat.
46. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 11, wherein the shape of the RF

antennas within the vacuum chamber is flat.

47. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein the shape of the RF antennas within the vacuum chamber is flat.

48. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 8, wherein each of the multiple RF antennas are divided into groups each including one or more RF antennas, and a RF power is supplied to each RF antenna in parallel within each group.

49. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 11, wherein each of the multiple RF antennas are divided into groups each including one or more RF antennas, and a RF power is supplied to each RF antenna in parallel within each group.

50. (New) The plasma generator according to claim 13, wherein each of the multiple RF antennas are divided into groups each including one or more RF antennas, and a RF power is supplied to each RF antenna in parallel within each group.

51. (New) A method of producing a substrate, wherein plasma of a material is generated by a plasma generator according to claim 8 and the material is deposited.

52. (New) A method of producing a substrate, wherein plasma of a material is generated by a plasma generator according to claim 11 and the material is deposited.

53. (New) A method of producing a substrate, wherein plasma of a material is generated by a plasma generator according to claim 13 and the material is deposited.

54. (New) A method of producing a substrate, wherein an etching process is carried out using plasma generated by a plasma generator according to claim 8.

55. (New) A method of producing a substrate, wherein an etching process is carried out using plasma generated by a plasma generator according to claim 11.

56. (New) A method of producing a substrate, wherein an etching process is carried out using plasma generated by a plasma generator according to claim 13.